

COVID-19 & FLU VACCINATION SURVEY

Hispanic / Latinx Respondent ReportProject REACH:

Racial and Ethnic Approaches to Community Health





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INTRODUCTION

Coronavirus (COVID-19) has had significant impacts on the health of communities nationwide and in Nevada. Unfortunately, preexisting inequities and health disparities have placed many racial and ethnic minority populations at higher risk for infection, hospitalization, and death caused by COVID-19 (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2020). Additionally, there are significant disparities in severe influenza (flu) outcomes among Hispanic/Latinx individuals, including hospitalization, intensive care unit admission, and in-hospital death rates (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2021a). While vaccines are among the most successful and cost-effective public health tools for preventing diseases and death, racial and ethnic minority groups are disproportionately affected by low vaccination rates for both COVID-19 and flu (National Conference of State Legislatures, 2021; Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, 2021). As young adults experience disproportionately low vaccination rates, there is a great need to assess vaccine hesitancy specifically among Hispanic/Latinx young adults (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2022; Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, 2021b).

PURPOSE

Community surveys were conducted as an activity associated with the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention "Racial and Ethnic Approaches to Community Health" (REACH) grant awarded to the Southern Nevada Health District. These surveys aimed to assess the perceptions, attitudes, and practices of vaccination among Hispanic/Latinx young adults, aged 18-35, in Clark County, Nevada. By identifying drivers of COVID-19 and flu vaccine hesitancy, the results of these surveys will be used to identify opportunities to support vaccine uptake in Southern Nevada.

METHODS

To better understand perceptions, attitudes, and practices toward COVID-19 and Flu vaccinations among Hispanic/Latinx residents of Clark County, Nevada, a COVID-19, and Flu vaccination survey was conducted in September of 2022 at three unique locations. Surveys were open to young adults ages 18-35 who identify as Hispanic/Latinx, live in Clark County, and had either received a COVID-19 vaccine within the last 3 months or had NOT received a COVID-19 vaccine.

SURVEY QUESTIONS

NICRP staff created a list of 23 questions that included topics related to how COVID-19 has impacted young adults, opinions and planned behaviors regarding COVID-19 and flu vaccines. Key questions focused on the challenges that communities have faced, specific barriers related to the Hispanic/Latinx community, cultural beliefs that may prevent them from taking the vaccine, and any information that could be shared with the community to address negative perceptions toward vaccines. Information was also collected regarding participants' experiences with COVID-19 vaccine mandates, as well as their thoughts on using incentives to obtain a COVID-19 or Flu vaccine. Last, information was collected surrounding trusted sources for health information, as well as important factors and messaging that should be considered when talking to the priority populations regarding COVID-19 and flu vaccines.

PROCEDURES

NICRP staff attended three survey sites where they conducted the surveys. Staff had a table set up at two events where they would interact with participants as they approached the table and also approached individuals by walking around and asking them to take part in a brief survey on COVID-19 and Flu vaccines where they would receive a \$25 Target gift card for their participation once completed. Once the respondents agreed, they were screened to ensure they qualified to take part in the survey. Participants had to confirm that they identified as Hispanic/Latinx, were between the ages of 18-35, and had received a COVID-19 vaccine within the last three months or had not received a COVID-19 vaccine to date. Once they confirmed they qualified, they were given the option to take the survey in English or Spanish and were provided with a clipboard and pen to complete the survey. Survey respondents typically spent ten minutes on average to complete the survey. Once the survey was completed, participants were given a slip to sign and date for confirmation of their \$25 gift card.

RESULTS

The following section describes survey results from Hispanic individuals who responded to the survey and their responses to each of the questions. A total of 50 surveys were collected across all three survey sites. Over half, 60.0% of survey responses completed by Hispanic individuals were completed in English.

Table 1. Survey Responses Collected by Site Location (N=50)

SURVEY LOCATIONS	N	%
Kellogg Zaher Sports Complex (89128)	25	50.0%
Bob Price Recreation Center (89156)	23	46.0%
Allegiant Stadium (89118)	2	4.0%

Table 2. Language of Survey (N=50)

SURVEY LANGUAGE	N	%
English	30	60.0%
Spanish	20	40.0%

DEMOGRAPHICS

Participants included 29 females and 20 males, of the 50 Hispanic individuals who completed the survey, 42.0% of the respondents were between the ages of 31-35. While the survey was only open to individuals who identified as Hispanic/Latinx, two respondents selected also identified as Caucasian/White. Respondents were asked to choose a statement that best describes their financial condition to determine household financial status. 36% of participants indicated they are either financially very comfortable while 32% indicated they are able to make ends meet without much difficulty. A full overview of participant demographics is included in the tables below.

Table 3. Survey Participant Demographics (N=50)

AGE	N	%	GE	NDER	N	%				
18 – 22	10	20.09	% Ma	le	20	40.0	RACE/ETHNICITY	N		%
23-26	10	20.09	- rer	nale	29	58.0	Hispanic	50	1	00.0%
27-30	9	18.09					Caucasian/White	2		4.0%
31-35	21	42.09	% Mi	ssing	1	2.0	African American/Black	0		0%
PLACE O	F RESIC	DENCE	N		%		Native American/Alaska Native	0		0%
BASED C	N ZIP (CODE					Asian	0		0%
89115			7		14.0%		Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	0		0%
89030			5		10.0%		Prefer Not to Answer	0		0%
89122			5		10.0%		Other (please specify):	0		0%
89101 89107			4		8.0% 8.0%		RESPONDENT/HOUSEHOLD FINAN CONDITION	CIAL	N	%
89110			4		8.0%		Very Comfortable and Secure		18	36.0%
89104			3		6.0%		Able to Make Ends Meet Without Much Difficulty		16	32.0%
89120 89106			2		6.0% 4.0%		Occasionally Have Some Difficulty Making Ends Meet		12	24.0%
89121 89147			2		4.0%		Tough to Make Ends Meet, But Keeping My Head Above Water		3	6.0%
89156			2		4.0%		In Over My Head		1	2.0%
80216			1		2.0%					
89081			1		2.0%					
89102			1		2.0%					
89119			1		2.0%					
89131			1		2.0%					

GENERAL VIEWS ON VACCINES

Perceived Importance of Recommended Adult Vaccines (TDAP, HPV, HepA, HepB)

At the beginning of the survey, respondents were asked if they think it is important for everyone to get recommended adult vaccines such as TDAP, HPV, HepA, HepB, etc. The majority of survey respondents, 52% reported that they think it is important to get recommended vaccines. Overall, most survey respondents supported recommended vaccinations.

Table 4. Perceived Importance of Vaccines Among Survey Respondents (N=50)

PERCEIVED IMPORTANCE OF VACCINES		N
I Think It Is Important to Get Recommended	26	52.0%
Vaccines		
I Do Not Think It Is Important to Get	11	22.0%
Recommended Vaccines		
Undecided	9	18.0%
Prefer Not to Answer	2	4.0%
Missing	2	4.0%

Sources of Information to Make Health Decisions

When participants were asked where they turn to make health informed decisions, almost half, 44.0% reported turning to employers, family, and friends. 34% of respondents reported turning to The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and 32% reported turning to nurses, pharmacists, and primary care providers to make health informed decisions. Additionally, other sources of health information reported by participants include state health departments, the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), news sources, local health officials, social media, community health workers, professional organizations, online publishers of medical information, and religious leaders.

Table 5. Primary Sources of Health Information

PRIMARY SOURCES OF HEALTH INFORMATION	N	%
Employers, family, friends	22	44.0%
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)	17	34.0%
Nurses, Pharmacists, Primary Care providers	16	32.0%
State Health Departments	13	26.0%
Food and Drug Administration (FDA)	12	24.0%
News sources (i.e.: TV, internet, and radio)	12	24.0%
Local Health Officials	10	20.0%
Social Media (i.e.: Facebook, Twitter, Instagram, WhatsApp, or TikTok)	7	14.0%
Community Health Workers (i.e.: Promotoras)	5	10.0%
Professional Organizations	2	4.0%
Online Publishers of Medical Information (such as WebMD or Mayo Clinic)	2	4.0%
Other: (Not specified)	2	4.0%
Religious Leader(s)	1	2.0%

COVID-19 VACCINE

COVID-19 Vaccination Status

Survey participants were screened to ensure they qualified to take part in the survey. Participants were asked to check which statement applied to them, "I got a COVID-19 vaccine within the last three months" or "I am NOT vaccinated for COVID-19." Of the 50 Hispanic survey participants, more than half, 76.0% reported not being vaccinated for COVID-19 and 18.0% reported having received a COVID-19 vaccine within the last three months.

Table 6. COVID-19 Vaccination Status (N=50)

COVID-19 VACCINATION STATUS	N	%		
NOT Vaccinated for COVID-19	38	76.0%		
Received a COVID-19 vaccine within the last three months	9	18.0%		
Missing*	3	6.0%		
*Participants were verbally screened to ensure the inclusion criteria were met, however, these individuals skipped the first question therefore the vaccination status is unknown.				

When asked about whether they got or are planning to get a COVID-19 vaccine and or received the recommended booster, of the 50 Hispanic survey participants, 12.0% reported that they had already received at least one dose of a COVID-19 vaccine, and 20.0% responded they are planning to receive a COVID-19 vaccine. However, half, 50.0% of survey respondents reported that they are not planning to receive a COVID-19 vaccine. Of the respondents already vaccinated for COVID-19, 8.0% reported already having received a recommended COVID-19 booster, and 2.0% were planning on getting the recommended COVID-19 vaccine booster. Four respondents, 8.0% do NOT plan on getting the recommended COVID-19 vaccine booster.

Table 7. COVID-19 Vaccination Status of Survey Respondents (N=50)

COVID-19 VACCINATION STATUS	N	%
NOT Planning to Get A COVID-19 Vaccine	25	50.0%
Planning to Get A COVID-19 Vaccine	10	20.0%
Already Received At Least One Dose of a COVID-19 Vaccine	6	12.0%
Already received a COVID-19 Recommended Vaccine Booster	4	8.0%
NOT Planning on Getting the Recommended COVID- 19 Vaccine Booster	4	8.0%
Planning to Get the Recommended COVID-19 Vaccine Booster	1	2.0%

COVID-19 Vaccine Motivation among Vaccinated Respondents

To better understand the reasons for obtaining a COVID-19 vaccine, survey respondents were asked what would or did motivate them to get a COVID-19 vaccine. Among all survey respondents who reported getting a COVID-19 vaccine within the last three months, survey respondents shared the following reasons listed in Table 8. Almost half of the survey respondents reported protecting their health was the main motivation for getting a COVID-19 vaccine.

Table 8. COVID-19 Vaccination Motive Among Vaccinated Survey Respondents (N=50)

Table 8. COVID-19 Vaccination Motive Among Vaccinated	ourvey kespond	Table 8. COVID-19 Vaccination Motive Among Vaccinated Survey Respondents (N=50)				
MOTIVATION FOR GETTING A COVID-19 VACCINE	N	%				
To Protect My Health	17	48.6%				
To Protect the Health of Family/Friends	14	42.0%				
None of the Above	10	20.0%				
To Protect the Health of My Community	9	18.0%				
To Resume Social Activities	5	10.0%				
To Get Back to Work or School	5	10.0%				
To Resume Travel	4	8.0%				
Encouragement from Others	4	8.0%				
People I Know and Trust Got a COVID-19 Vaccine Already	4	8.0%				
Not Sure	3	6.0%				
It Was Required by My Employer/School	2	4.0%				
Offered an Incentive/Reward	1	2.0%				
Other – No other details provided	1	2.0%				
Note: Respondents could select more than one response, therefore total percentages may equal more than 100%.						

COVID-19 Vaccine Hesitancy

To better understand vaccine hesitancy, COVID-19 vaccine hesitant respondents were asked why they are delaying getting the COVID-19 vaccine. Of the potential reasons listed, 32.0% of respondents reported being primarily concerned about side effects, 28% reported delaying because it is too new and not enough safety information is available, and 22% believe they don't think the vaccine is the way to go.

Table 9. Reasons Respondents Have Delayed Getting a COVID-19 Vaccine (N=50)

WHY RESPONDENTS ARE DELAYING GETTING A COVID-19 VACCINE	N	%
Concerned About Side Effects	16	32.0%
Too New, Not Enough Safety Information	14	28.0%
Don't Think the Vaccine is the Way to Go	11	22.0%
Distrust of Vaccines Due to Past Injustices	10	20.0%
Plan to But Haven't Gotten Around to It	7	14.0%
Not a Priority	5	10.0%
Don't Know Where or How to Get the Vaccine	3	6.0%
Religious/Cultural Belief	1	2.0%
No Transportation	1	2.0%
Other - No clarification provided	1	2.0%
Don't Have Access to Healthcare to Talk to A Provider	0	0.00%
Prevented by a Medical Condition	0	0.0%
Note: Respondents could select more than one response, therefore total percentages may	equal moi	re than 100%.

Barriers to Getting a COVID-19 Vaccine

To better understand COVID-19 vaccine motivation and delay, survey respondents were asked if there are any key barriers that Hispanics/Latinos currently face to getting the COVID-19 vaccine. 36.0% of survey participants shared that the biggest barrier was not knowing where to get vaccinated, 24.0% indicated language barriers, and 24.0% reported not having enough information in Spanish was a barrier to getting the COVID-19 vaccine.

Table 10. Key Barriers for Hispanic/Latinx Currently Face to Getting the COVID-19 Vaccine (N=50)

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COVID-19 VACCINE BARRIERS	N	%
Don't Know Where to Get Vaccinated	18	36.0%
Language Barrier	12	24.0%
Not Enough Information in Spanish	12	24.0%
Time Off of Work	10	20.0%
Not Sure	9	18.0%
Transportation	7	14.0%
Difficult to Arrange childcare	7	14.0%
Religious Exemption	7	14.0%
Too Busy to Get Vaccinated	6	12.0%
None of The Above	6	12.0%
The Hours of Operation are Inconvenient	4	8.0%
Difficult to Find or Make an Appointment	4	8.0%
The Waiting Time is Too Long	3	6.0%
Medical Condition	3	6.0%
Physical Limitation	2	4.0%
Other (please specify)	2	2.0%
Note: Respondents could select more than one response, therefore total 100%.	al percentages may equ	ual more than

Increasing Confidence in COVID-19 Vaccines

When participants were asked what will help people feel more confident getting the COVID-19 vaccine, more than half of survey respondents, 58.0% reported providing vaccine safety information as a way to increase confidence for the COVID-19 vaccine and 42% reported more accessible educational information would help people feel more confident getting the COVID-19 vaccine.

Table 11. COVID-19 Vaccine Confidence (N=50)

COVID-19 VACCINE CONFIDENCE	N	%
Provide Vaccine Safety Information	29	58.0%
More Accessible Educational Information	21	42.0%
Have Doctors Dispel Vaccine Myths	19	38.0%
Have More Trusted Messengers Deliver Vaccine Information	11	22.0%
Counteract Misinformation	9	18.0%
More Widespread Vaccination Access	9	18.0%

COVID-19 Vaccine Mandates

Survey respondents were asked an open-ended question about their thoughts on COVID-19 vaccine mandates. Of the 50 survey participants, only 22 participants responded to this question. Overall, the 22 survey participants that responded to this question had negative attitudes toward COVID-19 vaccine mandates. Approximately half of those who responded had negative perceptions with 10 participants stating they were unnecessary. However, eight participants viewed vaccine mandates positively, stating they support them and believe it is important for health. Finally, there were a few respondents (5) that had a more neutral attitude and did not agree or disagree with vaccine mandates.

COVID-19 Messaging

Survey participants were asked to identify which COVID-19 messaging samples they found most motivating from a list of eight message samples listed below in Table 12. Among all COVID-19 messaging shared, a majority of survey respondents, 76% found protecting children the most motivating COVID-19 message.

Table 12. Motivating COVID-19 Messaging

MOTIVATING COVID-19 MESSAGING	N=50	%
Protecting Children : COVID-19 cases are rising among children. Protect children who are too young to get vaccinated, get your vaccine today.	38	76.0%
Dangers of COVID-19: Due to the new variants, the dangers of contracting COVID-19 have only worsened. Don't risk your health, get your vaccine today.	22	44.0%
Personal decision: It's normal to have questions about the COVID-19 vaccine. Learn the facts, and talk to your doctor about getting your vaccine today.	18	36.0%
Vaccine safety: The COVID-19 vaccine is proven safe and effective. A rigorous FDA process was followed, clinical trial participants were diverse, and serious side effects are rare. Get your vaccine today	16	32.0%
Fear of missing out: Many experiences are off limits without a COVID-19 vaccine. Don't miss out on traveling, attending your favorite concerts, and going out. Get your vaccine today.	15	30.0%
Financial Costs: On average, individuals who become infected with COVID-19 miss two weeks of work. Avoid the risk of this financial burden, get your vaccine today	14	28.0%
Personal story: As a nurse, I witnessed many people dying from COVID-19 who begged for the vaccine but it was too late for them. Don't wait, get your vaccine today.	11	22.0%
Patriotism: Help reduce the burden on our hospitals, our communities, and our country. Get your COVID-19 vaccine today.	6	12.0%

FLU VACCINE

To better understand reasons for obtaining a flu vaccine, survey respondents were asked what motivated them to get vaccinated and what delayed them from getting vaccinated. When asked whether they had ever received a flu shot, 60.0% of Hispanic survey respondents reported that they had received a flu shot before, while 34.0% reported never receiving a flu shot. Additionally, 4.0% were unsure if they had ever received a flu shot.

Table 13. Flu Vaccination Status of Survey Respondents (N=50)

FLU VACCINATION STATUS	N	%					
I Received a Flu Shot Before	30	60.0%					
I Have NOT Received a Flu Shot Before	17	34.0%					
Unsure	2	4.0%					
Missing	1	2.0%					

Flu Vaccine Motivation

Survey respondents were asked what motivated them to get the flu vaccine to better understand the reasons for obtaining a flu vaccine. Half of the respondents 50.0% reported protecting their health and the health of family and friends as the main reason for flu vaccination motivation.

Table 14. Flu Vaccination Motive (N=50)

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MOTIVATION FOR GETTING A FLU VACCINE	N	%					
To Protect My Health	25	50.0%					
To Protect the Health of My Family/Friends	25	50.0%					
To Protect the Health of My Community	18	36.0%					
None of the Above	9	18.0%					
Encouragement from Others	3	6.0%					
Other - Planned	1	2.0%					
Not sure	0	0.0%					
Note: Respondents could select more than one response, therefore total percentages may equal more than 100%.							

Flu Vaccine Hesitancy

To better understand vaccine hesitancy, participants who reported hesitance to receive a flu vaccine were asked why they delayed getting vaccinated. Significantly, 24.0% of hesitant participants do not view the flu vaccine as necessary. In addition, 16.0% of respondents reported fear of flu side effects as a reason for vaccine hesitancy while 14% reported not routine or normal in the family.

Table 15. Reasons Respondents Have Delayed Getting the Flu Vaccine (N=50)

rable 13. Reasons Respondents have belayed detting the rid vaccine (14-30)						
FLU VACCINE DELAY MOTIVE	N	%				
Do Not View the Vaccine as Necessary	12	24.0%				
Fear of Flu Vaccine Side Effects	8	16.0%				
Not Routine or Normal in My Family	7	14.0%				
Past Negative Experiences with Side Effects	5	10.0%				
Never Occurred to Them to Get a Flu Vaccine	5	10.0%				
Deferred by the Flu Vaccines Cost	1	2.0%				

Barriers to Getting a Flu Vaccine

To better understand flu vaccine motivation and delay, survey respondents were asked if there are any key barriers that Hispanics/Latinos currently face to getting the Flu vaccine. The most common barriers were a language barrier, not enough information in Spanish, and not knowing where to get vaccinated.

Table 16. Key Barriers for Hispanic/Latinx Currently Face to Getting the Flu Vaccine (N=50)

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FLU VACCINE BARRIERS	N	%			
Language Barrier	11	22.0%			
Don't Know Where to Get Vaccinated	10	20.0%			
Not Enough Information in Spanish	10	20.0%			
Not Sure	10	20.0%			
Too Busy to Get Vaccinated	8	16.0%			
Time Off of Work	8	16.0%			
None of The Above	7	14.0%			
Transportation	6	12.0%			
Difficult to Arrange childcare	6	12.0%			
The Waiting Time is Too Long	5	10.0%			
Difficult to Find or Make an Appointment	4	8.0%			
Medical Condition	4	8.0%			
Physical Limitation	3	6.0%			
Religious Exemption	3	6.0%			
The Hours of Operation are Inconvenient	1	2.0%			
Other - Se dejan llevar por las negatividades de los demas. Translation: They get influenced by others.	1	2.0%			
Note: Respondents could select more than one response, therefore total percentages may equal more than 100%.					

Increasing Confidence in Getting the Flu Vaccine

When respondents were asked what will help people feel more confident getting the Flu vaccine, more than half, 56.0% of respondents reported that explaining the importance and benefits would ensue confidence in getting the flu vaccine. In addition, 42.0% of respondents believe addressing safety as a means to increase vaccine confidence. 20% of respondents believe that incentives would help people feel more confident getting the flu vaccine.

Table 17. Flu Vaccine Confidence (N=50)

CONFIDENCE IN GETTING THE FLU VACCINE	N	%
Explaining Importance	28	56.0%
Explaining Benefits	26	52.0%
Addressing Safety	21	42.0%
Incentives	10	20.0%

Flu Messaging

Survey participants were asked to identify which Flu messaging samples they found most motivating from a list of nine message samples listed below in Table 18. Among all Flu messaging samples shared, 76% selected protecting children as the most motivating. Additionally, 48% selected personal decision and 42% selected vaccine safety as motivating messaging.

Table 18. Motivating Flu Messaging

MOTIVATING FLU MESSAGING	N=50	%
Protecting children: Each year, millions of children get sick with the flu and thousands are hospitalized. Protect your family, get the flu vaccine for yourself and your children over 6 months today.	38	76.0%
Personal decision: It's normal to have questions about the flu vaccine. Learn the facts, talk to your doctor about getting your vaccine today.	24	48.0%
Vaccine safety: The flu vaccine is proven safe and effective. Millions of Americans have safely received flu vaccines, and there has been extensive research supporting their safety. Get your vaccine today.	21	42.0%
Dangers of Flu: The flu can cause mild to severe illness, and at times can lead to death. Don't risk your health, get your flu vaccine today.	18	36.0%
COVID-19/Flu Co-Messaging: Due to COVID-19, the dangers of contracting the flu have only worsened. Don't risk your health, get your flu and COVID-19 vaccines today.	13	26.0%
Financial costs: Individuals with the flu should stay home from work at least 4-5 days after the onset of symptoms. Avoid the risk of this financial burden, get your flu vaccine today	12	24.0%
Personal story: As a nurse, I see many people seriously ill with the flu each year that a flu vaccine could have prevented. Don't wait, get your flu vaccine today.	12	24.0%
Patriotism: Help reduce the burden of severe flu illness on our hospitals, our communities, and our country. Slow the spread of flu, get your vaccine today.	8	16.0%
Fear of missing out: No one has time for the flu. Don't miss out on moments that matter, get the flu vaccine today.	7	14.0%

Vaccine Incentives

To determine potential incentives that may motivate vaccination, participants were asked to share their thoughts on using incentives to encourage vaccination and what incentives they found most effective at encouraging people to get vaccinated for COVID-19 or flu. More than half of the participants, 52.0% supported incentives. Almost half of the participants, 48.0% selected a cash prize as the incentive that would be the most effective incentive to motivate vaccination.

Table 19. Thoughts on Using Incentives to Encourage Vaccination Among Survey Respondents (N=50)

USING INCENTIVES TO ENCOURAGE VACCINATION	N	%
I Support Incentives	26	52.0%
Unsure	14	28.0%
I Do Not Support Incentives	8	16.0%
Other: (Not specified)	1	2.0%
Missing	1	2.0%

Table 20. Potential Incentives That Would be Most Effective to Motivate Vaccination (N=50)

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INCENTIVES THAT WOULD BE MOST EFFECTIVE TO MOTIVATE VACCINATION	N	%
Cash Prize	24	48.0%
Gift Card	17	34.0%
Meal Voucher	9	18.0%
Other	6	12.0%
Other - Information	1	2.0%

DISCUSSION

As young adults experience disproportionately low vaccination rates, there is a great need to assess vaccine hesitancy among young Hispanic/Latinx adults. To better understand perceptions, attitudes, and practices toward COVID-19 and Flu vaccinations among young adult Hispanic/Latinx residents of Clark County, Nevada, a COVID-19 and Flu vaccination survey was conducted in September 2022. The 23-question survey offered in both English and Spanish was open to young adults ages 18-35 who identify as Hispanic/Latinx, live in Clark county, and had either received a COVID-19 vaccine within the last three months or had NOT received a COVID-19 vaccine. A total of 50 surveys were collected across three survey sites. Participants were compensated for their time and completion of the survey with a \$25 Target gift card.

Overall, the results of this survey indicate that the primary sources of health information to make informed decisions survey respondents reported were:

- Employers, family, and friends (44.0%)
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) (34%)
- Nurses, Pharmacists, and Primary Care providers (32%)

When compared to general vaccines, and the Flu vaccine, the COVID-19 vaccine was viewed with more hesitation with 50% of respondents being unvaccinated as well as not planning to get the vaccine. The most common reasons for COVID-19 vaccine hesitancy were:

- Concern about side effects (32%)
- Too new, do not have enough information (28%)
- Believe that the vaccine is not the way to go (22%)

Regarding Flu vaccine hesitancy, 24% of survey respondents reported hesitation for Flu vaccination with the most common reason being that they do not view it as necessary.

For both COVID-19 and Flu, protecting their health and the health of family and friends was the primary reasons for obtaining a COVID-19 and Flu vaccine respectively.

The most common key barriers that Hispanics/Latinos currently face to getting both the COVID-19 and Flu vaccine were:

- Not knowing where to get vaccinated (COVID-19 36%; Flu 20%)
- Language Barrier (COVID-19 24%; Flu 22%)
- Not enough information in Spanish (COVID-19 24%; Flu 20%)

To encourage vaccinations, more than half of survey respondents (52%) indicated support for using incentives to encourage vaccinations and 82% of those respondents indicated that monetary incentives are the most motivating.

Finally, in order to increase vaccine confidence, 58% of survey respondents believe the best approach for the COVID-19 vaccine is by providing vaccine safety information and for the Flu vaccine, 56% believe explaining importance is the best approach. Additionally, when providing messaging about the vaccines, 76% of survey respondents reported protecting children as the most motivating messaging sample for both COVID-19 and Flu.

Results from this survey indicate that to increase vaccine uptake for both Covid-19 and Flu, additional information needs to be provided in Spanish about where to get vaccinated, this information should come from friends, family, or coworkers, and that additional information should be provided on each vaccine that addresses specific concerns such as side effects of COVID-19 and the importance of the Flu vaccine. Finally, if available, monetary incentives would likely increase vaccine uptake for both COVID-19 and Flu vaccines.

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APPENDIX A: SURVEY INSTRUMENT- ENGLISH AND SPANISH

COVID-19 AND FLU VACCINATION SURVEY

The Southern Nevada Health District is surveying residents in Clark County, Nevada to learn more about vaccination perceptions, attitudes, and practices. Your responses to this survey will remain confidential and will help inform future programs and campaigns about vaccines in the community.

In order to take part in this survey, you must confirm that you identify as Hispanic/Latinx, are between the ages of 18-35, and have received a COVID-19 vaccine within the last three months OR have not received a COVID-19 vaccine yet. If you meet all of the above criteria, please continue.

1) Wha	t is your age?								
□ 18-22	2 23-2	26	□ 27-30			□ 31-35			☐ Prefer not to answer
2) Wha	2) What is your race/ethnicity? Check all that apply.								
☐ Africa	an American/Black	□ Ca	ucasian/White Asia	an		□ Pre	efer n	ot to	answer
	□ Native American/Alaska Native □ Hispanic □ Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander □ Other (please specify):								
3) Chec	k which one applies.								
_	ot a COVID-19 vaccine with	n the la	st 🔲 🛮 I am NOT vacc	inated f	or C	OVID-19			
	ee months								
4) Wha	t are your thoughts on obt	aining r					and	Нер	
	I think it is important to		☐ I do not think it is	•		□ Undecided			☐ Prefer not to
	get recommended		get recommended	vaccin	es				answer
	vaccines								
5) Did y	ou get or are you planning	to get	a COVID-19 vaccine and	d/or red	eive	d the recommended boo	ster?	Che	ck one.
	Yes, I have already		No, I am NOT plannin	g		Yes, I have already			No, I am NOT planning
	received at		to get a COVID-19			received a COVID-19			to get the
	at least one dose of a		vaccine			recommended booster			recommended COVID-
	COVID-19 vaccine					Yes, I am planning to			19 vaccine booster
	Yes, I am planning to					get the recommended COVID-19 vaccine			
	get a COVID-19 vaccine					booster			
6) Have	you ever received a flu va	ccine?	hack one			boostei			
	Yes, I have received a		No, I have not receive	·d	П	Unsure			
	flu shot before		a flu shot before	·u		Onsure			
=>					•				
	at sources do you turn to fo								Ouling multiple and of
	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention		Employer, Family, and friends	1		State health			Online publishers of medical information
	(CDC)		News sources (i.e.: TV	,		departments Social media (i.e.:			(such as WebMD or
	Food and Drug	Ш	internet, and radio)	,		Facebook, Twitter,			Mayo Clinic)
	Administration (FDA)	П	Professional			Instagram, WhatsApp,		П	Other:
	Local health officials		organization(s)			or TikTok)			
	Nurses, Pharmacists,		Religious leader(s)			Community health			
	Primary care providers		0 (,			workers (i.e.:			
	•					Promotoras)			
8) Wha	t are your thoughts on usi	_							
□ I su	upport incentives	□ Id	o not support incentive	s 🗆	Un	sure		Ot	her:
-1									
	t incentives would you find								
☐ Cas	sh Prize	☐ Gi	ft card		Me	al voucher		Ot	her:

10)	10) If you are vaccinated for COVID-19, what has motivated you to get the COVID-19 vaccine? Check all that apply.								
	To	protect my health		To resume travel			People I know and trust got	: 🗆	Other (please specify):
	To	protect the health of		Encouragement from		i	a COVID-19 vaccine already		
		nily/friends		others	П		Offered an	П	Not sure
		protect the health of my		To get back to work or			ncentive/reward	П	None of the above
		nmunity		school	П		t was required by my		None of the above
		resume social activities		3011001			employer/school		
11			wha	at has motivated you to go	+ +ba flu		<u> </u>	,	
11,			Wna	at has motivated you to ge				•	
		To protect my health		☐ To protect the healt	n	L	Other (please specify):		☐ None of the above
	Ш	To protect the health		of my community					
		of family/friends		 Encouragement from 	m	[Not sure		
				others					
12	Wha	at has motivated you to d	lelav	getting the COVID-19 vac	cine? Ch	nec	k all that apply. Skip if vac	inate	d for COVID-19.
		t a priority	П	Don't have access to	П		Don't know where or how	П	Distrust of vaccines due to
		n to but haven't gotten		healthcare to talk to a			to get the vaccine		past injustices
		ound to it		provider			Concerned about side		No transportation
				Too new, not enough			effects		·
		n't think the vaccine is	Ц	_					Other
	tne	way to go		safety information			Prevented by a medical		
				Religious/Cultural belief		(condition		
13) Wh	at has motivated you to o	dela	y getting the Flu Vaccine?	Check al	ll th	nat apply. Skip if vaccinated	d for I	Flu.
		ar of flu vaccine side		Not routine or normal in			Never occurred to them to		Deferred by the flu
		ects		my family			get a flu vaccine		vaccine's cost
		st negative experiences		Do not view the vaccine	20	•	See a na vaceme		vacenie 5 cost
		h side effects		necessary	as				
	VVIC	iii side effects		necessary					
14)	Are	there any key barriers th	nat F	lispanics/Latinos currently	face to	get	tting the COVID-19 vaccine	? Che	ck all that apply.
		Transportation		☐ Don't know where t	0		Difficult to find or		☐ Time off of work
		The hours of operation		get vaccinated			make an appointment		☐ Medical condition
		are inconvenient		☐ Too busy to get		Г	Language Barrier		□ Not sure
		The waiting time is too		vaccinated			Not enough		☐ None of the above
				☐ Difficult to arrange		L	information in Spanish		
		long		childcare		г			☐ Other (please specify):
		Physical limitation		Cillidicale		L	Religious exemption		
15)	Are	there any key barriers th	nat F	lispanics/Latinos currently	face to	get	tting the Flu vaccine? Chec	k all t	hat apply.
		Transportation		Don't know where to	0	[Difficult to find or		☐ Time off of work
		The hours of operation		get vaccinated			make an appointment		☐ Medical condition
		are inconvenient		☐ Too busy to get			Language Barrier		□ Not sure
		The waiting time is too		vaccinated		Г	□ Not enough		☐ None of the above
	_	long		☐ Difficult to arrange			information in Spanish		Other (please specify):
		Physical limitation		childcare		Г	Religious exemption		Utilet (please specify).
10		·	201/				- Religious exemption		
16	wn	at are your thoughts on C	JUVI	D-19 vaccine mandates?					
17)				confident getting the COV					
				Have doctors	Have m				☐ More accessible
		safety		dispel vaccine	trusted	1	widespre	ad	educational
		information		myths	messer	_		on	information
1		Counteract			deliver	va	ccine access		
		misinformation			inform	atic	on		
18) Wh	at will help people feel m	ore	confident getting the Flu v	/accine?)			
		plaining benefits		Explaining importance			Addressing safety		Incentives
10	\A/L	ich of the following COV	D 10	9 messages do you find mo	et moti	12+	ing? Chack all that anni-		
TJ	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ich of the following COVI	D-T;	, messages uo you iiilu Mo	, st 1110th	val	mg: check all that apply.		

	Protecting children: COVID-19 cases are rising among children. Protect children who are too young to get vaccinated, get your vaccine today.							
	Financial costs: On average, individuals who become infected with COVID-19 miss two weeks of work. Avoid the risk of this financial burden, get your vaccine today.							
	Patriotism: Help reduce the burden on our hospitals, our communities, and our country. Get your COVID-19 vaccine today.							
	Vaccine safety: The COVID-19 vaccine is proven safe and effective. A rigorous FDA process was followed, clinical trial participants							
	were diverse, and serious side effects are rare. Get your vaccine today.							
	Personal decision: It's normal to have questions about the COVID-19 vaccine. Learn the facts, and talk to your doctor about getting							
	your vaccine today.							
	Personal story: As a nurse, I witnessed many people dying from COVID-19 who begged for the vaccine but it was too late for them.							
	Don't wait, get your vaccine today.							
	Dangers of COVID-19: Due to the new variants, the dangers of contracting COVID-19 have only worsened. Don't risk your health, get							
	your vaccine today.							
	Fear of missing out: Many experiences are off limits without a COVID-19 vaccine. Don't miss out on traveling, attending your							
201	favorite concerts, and going out. Get your vaccine today.							
	Which of the following Flu messages do you find most motivating? Check all that apply.							
	Protecting children : Each year, millions of children get sick with the flu and thousands are hospitalized. Protect your family, get the							
	flu vaccine for yourself and your children over 6 months today.							
	Financial costs: Individuals with the flu should stay home from work at least 4-5 days after the onset of symptoms. Avoid the risk of							
	this financial burden, get your flu vaccine today. Patriotism: Holp reduce the burden of severe fluillness on our bespitals, our communities, and our country. Slow the spread of flu							
	Patriotism: Help reduce the burden of severe flu illness on our hospitals, our communities, and our country. Slow the spread of flu, get your vaccine today.							
	Vaccine safety: The flu vaccine is proven safe and effective. Millions of Americans have safely received flu vaccines, and there has							
	been extensive research supporting their safety. Get your vaccine today.							
	Personal decision: It's normal to have questions about the flu vaccine. Learn the facts, talk to your doctor about getting your							
	vaccine today.							
	Personal story: As a nurse, I see many people seriously ill with the flu each year that a flu vaccine could have prevented. Don't wait,							
	get your flu vaccine today.							
	Dangers of Flu: The flu can cause mild to severe illness, and at times can lead to death. Don't risk your health, get your flu vaccine							
	today.							
	COVID-19/Flu Co-Messaging: Due to COVID-19, the dangers of contracting the flu have only worsened. Don't risk your health, get							
	your flu and COVID-19 vaccines today.							
	Fear of missing out: No one has time for the flu. Don't miss out on moments that matter, get the flu vaccine today.							
1	The following questions are for classification purposes only.							
Wh	at is your gender?							
□Ν	Nale □ Female □ Other □ Prefer not to answer							
Wh	at is your Zip Code?							
Wh	ich of the following best describes (your/your household's) financial condition?							
□V	ery comfortable and secure ☐ Tough to make ends meet but keeping my head above water							
□A	ble to make ends meet without much difficulty ☐ In over my head							
□0	□ Occasionally have some difficulty making ends meet							

ENCUESTA DE VACUNACIÓN CONTRA LA INFLUENZA Y EL COVID-19

El Distrito de Salud del Sur de Nevada está encuestando a los residentes en el condado de Clark, Nevada, para obtener más información sobre las percepciones, actitudes y prácticas de vacunación. Sus respuestas a esta encuesta permanecerán confidenciales y ayudarán a informar futuros programas y campañas sobre vacunas en la comunidad.

Para participar en esta encuesta, debe confirmar que se identifica como hispano / latino, tiene entre 18 y 35 años de edad y ha recibido una vacuna contra el COVID-19 en los últimos tres meses O que aún no ha recibido una vacuna contra el COVID-19. Si cumple con todos los criterios anteriores, continúe.

1) ¿Cuá	1) ¿Cuál es su edad?								
□ 18-22	2	23-26	□ 27-30		□ 31-35		$\hfill\square$ Prefiere no responder		
2) ¿Cuá	l es su raza/etnia? Elij	a todas las d	ue correspondan.						
☐ Afroa	mericano/Negro 🗆	Hispánico	☐ Hawaiand)	□ Nativo		☐ Otro (especifique):		
☐ Cauca	ásico/Blanco 🗆	Asiático	nativo/isleñ	io del Pad	cífico Americano/Na	itivo			
					de Alaska		☐ Prefiere no responder		
3) Verif	3) Verifique cuál se aplica.								
□ Re	cibí una vacuna contra	el COVID-19	en los últimos tres meses	S 🗌	NO estoy vacunado cont	ra el COV	ID-19		
4) ¿Cuá	les son sus opiniones	sobre la obt	ención de vacunas adulta	s recome	endadas para usted (TDAP	, HPV, He	pA y HepB, etc.)? Elija		
uno.									
	Creo que es importar	nte	☐ No creo que sea imp	ortante	□ Indeciso		Prefiere no		
	obtener las vacunas		obtener las vacunas				responder		
	recomendadas		recomendadas						
5) ¿Rec	ibió o planea recibir u	na vacuna c	ontra el COVID-19 y / o re	ecibió el ı	refuerzo recomendado? E	lija uno.			
	Sí, ya he recibido		No, NO estoy		Sí, ya he recibido un		No, NO estoy		
	al menos una dosis d	e	planeando recibir una		refuerzo recomendado		planeando recibir el		
	una vacuna contra el		vacuna contra el		contra el COVID-19		refuerzo recomendad		
	COVID-19		COVID-19		Sí, estoy planeando		de la vacuna contra el		
	Sí, estoy planeando				recibir el refuerzo		COVID-19		
	vacunarme contra el				recomendado de la				
	COVID-19				vacuna contra el				
					COVID-19				
6) ¿Alg			ntra la gripe? Elija uno.						
	Sí, he recibido una va	cuna contra	•	he recib	oido una vacuna contra la		Inseguro		
->	gripe		gripe						
					de salud? Elija todo lo qu				
	Centros para el Conti	rol 🗆	Fuentes de noticias (es		Departamentos de		Empleador, familia y		
	y la Prevención de		decir: TV, Internet y		salud estatales		amigos		
	Enfermedades (CDC)		radio)		Redes sociales (es		Editores de		
	Administración de		Organización(es)		decir: Facebook,		información médica en		
	Alimentos y		profesional(es)		Twitter, Instagram,		linea (como WebMD o		
	Medicamentos (FDA)		Enfermeras,		WhatsApp o TikTok)		Mayo Clinic)		
	Funcionarios de salud	d	Farmacéuticos,		Trabajadores		Líder(es) religioso(s)		
	locales		Proveedores de		comunitarios de salud		Otros:		
0) 10 1			atención primaria		(es decir: Promotoras)				
-	-		uso de incentivos para a						
-	oyo los incentivos		apoyo los incentivos		seguro		ros:		
9) ¿Que		ia más efect	ivos para alentar a las pe	rsonas a	vacunarse contra el COVI	D-19 o la ;	gripe? Elija todo lo que		
□ Pre	emio en efectivo	□ Ta	rjeta de regalo	□ Во	ono de comida	□ Ot	ros:		

10) Si está vacunado contra el covid-19, ¿qué lo ha motivado a vacunarse contra el covid-19? Elija todo lo que corresponda.								onda.					
	Pa	ra proteger mi salud	[□ Pa	ara reanudar el viaje		Pa	ra volver al tra	bajo o a l	la 🗆 P	ara reanu	ıdar las	
	Pai	ra proteger la salud de	[Á	nimo de los demás		eso	cuela	-	а	ctividade	s sociales	
		familia/amigos	[La	is personas que conozo	co v 🗆	Se	me ofreció un			tros (esp	ecifique):	
		ra proteger la salud de			n las que confío ya	-		entivo/recom			(
		comunidad			cibieron una vacuna			e requerido po			lo estoy s	eguro	
		comanidad			ontra el COVID-19			pleador / escu			lada de lo	=	
11)	11) Si está vacunado contra la gripe, ¿qué lo ha motivado a vacunarse contra la gripe? Elija todo lo que corresponda.												
		Para proteger mi salu			Para proteger la salu		П	Otros (espec				de lo anterior	
	П	Para proteger la salud			de mi comunidad			(((
		de mi familia/amigos			Ánimo de los demás	:	П	No estoy seg	 วมเด				
12)	żΩι	ué le ha motivado a ret					a todo			Omita și e	stá vacun	ado contra el	
-	VID-							10 4	, рошин				
		es una prioridad	[N	o tengo acceso a la		No	sé dónde ni c	ómo		esconfiar	nza en las	
	Planeo hacerlo, pero no la				ención médica para		recibir la vacuna			V	vacunas debido a injusticias		
	he conseguido.				ablar con un proveedoi	r 🗆	☐ Preocupado por los efectos				pasadas		
	No pienso que la vacuna es				emasiado nueva, no ha		secundarios				Creencias		
		camino a seguir			ificiente información d	•					religiosas/culturales		
		transporte			guridad			ndición médica			tro:		
		ué lo ha motivado a ret	trasar		_	liia tod						ontra la gripe.	
				utinari				periencias		ferido por		Nunca se les	
				al en r				gativas		sto de la		ocurrió	
			milia		es necesaria			sadas con		cuna contr	а	vacunarse	
		la vacuna		es necesaria			•	ectos	_	gripe	-	contra la gripe	
		ntra la gripe						cundarios		0 1 -			
14)		isten barreras que los	Hispa	nos/L	atinos enfrentan actua	almente			ına conti	ra el COVII	D-19? Elija	a todo lo que	
-		onda.											
		Transportación			No sabe dónde			Difícil de enc	ontrar o		Tiemp	o libre del	
		El horario de atenció	n		vacunarse			hacer una cit	ta		trabaj		
		es inconveniente			Demasiado ocupado)		Barrera idior	mática		Condi	ción médica	
		El tiempo de espera e	es		para vacunarse			No hay sufici				toy seguro	
		demasiado largo			Difícil organizar el			información				de lo anterior	
	П	Limitación física			cuidado de los niños	5		español				(especifique):	
		Zirintadiori ribida					П	Exención reli	igiosa		01.00	(especifique):	
15)	¿Εχ	isten barreras que los	Hispa	nos/L	atinos enfrentan actua	almente	para			fluenza? E	lija todo	lo que	
		onda.	•	•			•				•		
		Transportación			No sabe dónde			Difícil de enc	ontrar o		Tiemp	o libre del	
		El horario de atenció	n		vacunarse			hacer una cit	ta		trabaj		
		es inconveniente			Demasiado ocupado)		Barrera idior	mática		-	ción médica	
		El tiempo de espera e	es		para vacunarse			No hay sufici				toy seguro	
		demasiado largo			Difícil organizar el			información		Г		de lo anterior	
	П	Limitación física			cuidado de los niños	5		español				(especifique):	
								Exención reli	igiosa		01.00	(especifique):	
16)	¿Cu	iáles son sus opiniones	sobr	e los i	mandatos de vacunas	contra e			<u> </u>				
17)	¿Qι	ué ayudará a las persoi	nas a	sentir	se más seguras de rec				/ID-19?				
		Proporcionar			er que los 🗆	Haga q		ás □	Acceso			Información	
1		información			icos disipen	mensa	-		general			educativa más	
		sobre la		los r	nitos sobre	confial			la vacui	nación		accesible	
1		seguridad de las		las v	acunas	entreg			Contrar	restar la			
1		vacunas				inform			desinfo	rmación			
1		sobre			sobre l	la vacı	ına						
1													

18)	ك (Que ayudará a las personas a sentirse más seguras de vacunar	rse contra la gripe?								
	Explicación de 🗆 Explicación de 🗆 Abordar la	□ Incentivos								
	los beneficios la importancia seguridad									
19)	Cuál de los siguientes mensajes de COVID-19 encuentra más n	notivador? Seleccione todo lo que corresponda.								
		entre los niños. Proteja a los niños que son demasiado pequeños								
	para vacunarse, vacúnese hoy.									
		on el COVID-19 pierden dos semanas de trabajo. Evite el riesgo de								
	esta carga financiera, vacúnese hoy mismo.									
	Patriotismo: Ayudar a reducir la carga sobre nuestros hospitales, nuestras comunidades y nuestro país. Vacúnese contra el COVID-									
	19 hoy mismo.									
	Seguridad de la vacuna: La vacuna contra el COVID-19 ha demostrado ser segura y efectiva. Se siguió un riguroso proceso de la FDA,									
	los participantes de los ensayos clínicos fueron diversos y los efectos secundarios graves son raros. Vacúnese hoy mismo.									
	Decisión personal : Es normal tener preguntas sobre la vacuna contra el COVID-19. Conozca los hechos y hable con su médico acerca									
	de cómo vacunarse hoy.									
	Historia personal: Como enfermera, fui testigo de la muerte de muchas personas por el COVID-19 que suplicaron por la vacuna,									
	pero ya era demasiado tarde para ellos. No espere, vacúnese hoy.									
	Peligros de COVID-19: Debido a las nuevas variantes, los peligro	os de contraer el COVID-19 solo han empeorado. No arriesgue su								
	salud, vacúnese hoy.									
	Temor a ser excluido: Muchas experiencias están limitadas sin u	una vacuna contra el COVID-19. No te pierdas viajar, asistir a tus								
	conciertos favoritos y salir. Vacúnese hoy mismo.									
20)	20) ¿Cuál de los siguientes mensajes sobre la gripe le parece más motivador? Seleccione todo lo que corresponda.									
	Proteger a los niños: Cada año, millones de niños se enferman o	de gripe y miles son hospitalizados. Proteja a su familia, vacúnese								
	contra la gripe para usted y sus hijos.									
	Costos financieros: Las personas con gripe deben quedarse en c	casa del trabajo al menos 4-5 días después de la aparición de los								
	síntomas. Evite el riesgo de esta carga financiera, vacúnese cont	tra la gripe hoy mismo.								
	Patriotismo: Ayude a reducir la carga de la enfermedad grave de la gripe en nuestros hospitales, nuestras comunidades y nuestro									
	país. Disminuya la propagación de la gripe, vacúnese hoy.									
	Seguridad de la vacuna: La vacuna contra la gripe ha demostrado ser segura y efectiva. Millones de estadounidenses han recibido									
	vacunas contra la gripe de manera segura, y ha habido una extensa investigación que respalda su seguridad. Vacúnese hoy mismo.									
	Decisión personal: Es normal tener preguntas sobre la vacuna contra la gripe. Conozca los hechos, hable con su médico acerca de									
	cómo vacunarse hoy.									
	Historia personal: Como enfermera, veo a muchas personas gravemente enfermas con la gripe cada año que una vacuna contra la									
	gripe podría haber prevenido. No espere, vacúnese contra la gripe hoy.									
	Peligros de la gripe: La gripe puede causar una enfermedad de leve a grave y, a veces, puede llevar a la muerte. No arriesgue su									
	salud, vacúnese contra la gripe hoy.									
	Covid-19 /La Gripe Co-Mensajería: Debido a COVID-19, los pelig	gros de contraer la gripe solo han empeorado. No arriesgue su salud,								
	reciba sus vacunas contra la gripe y el COVID-19 hoy.									
	Temor a ser excluido: Nadie tiene tiempo para la gripe. No se pi	ierda los momentos que importan, vacúnese contra la gripe hoy.								
Las siguientes preguntas son solo para fines de clasificación.										
;C	uál es su género?									
		Otro Prefiere no responder								
	uál es su código postal?	Otto ETTERETE NO TESPONACI								
CCI										
¿Cuál de las siguientes opciones describe mejor la condición financiera (la suya o la de su hogar)?										
	Muy cómodo y seguro ☐ Ocasionalmente tengo alguna	☐ Difícil de llegar a fin de mes, ☐ Es demasiado difícil para mi								
	Capaz de llegar a fin de mes dificultad para llegar a fin de	pero manteniendo mi cabeza								
(· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								